
AFLAC HOSPITAL ADVANTAGE

HOSPITAL CONFINEMENT INDEMNITY INSURANCE

POLICY SERIES A49000

HSA-COMPATIBLE OPTION

This brochure is for a hospital confinement indemnity policy providing limited benefits.
Benefits provided are supplemental and are not intended to cover all medical expenses.

Aflac Hospital Advantage

HOSPITAL CONFINEMENT INDEMNITY INSURANCE

Policy Series A49000

Aflac will pay the following benefits, as applicable, for a covered sickness or injury that occurs while coverage is in force. Treatment or confinement in a U.S. government hospital does not require a charge for benefits to be payable.

BENEFIT	BENEFIT AMOUNT	ADDITIONAL BENEFIT INFORMATION
HOSPITAL CONFINEMENT	\$1,500–\$3,000 in \$500 increments	Aflac will pay the amount listed in the Policy Schedule when a covered person requires hospital confinement for 23 or more hours for a covered sickness or injury and a charge is incurred. This benefit is payable once per period of hospital confinement, per covered person. Confinements must be separated by a minimum of 90 days from the previous covered hospital confinement for this benefit to be payable. No lifetime maximum.
DAILY HOSPITAL CONFINEMENT	\$50 per day	Aflac will pay \$50 per day for the period of hospital confinement, when a covered person requires hospital confinement for a covered sickness or injury and a charge is incurred. This benefit is payable in addition to the Hospital Confinement Benefit. The maximum benefit period for any one period of hospital confinement is 365 days. No lifetime maximum.
HOSPITAL INTENSIVE CARE UNIT CONFINEMENT	\$50 per day	Aflac will pay \$50 per day when a covered person incurs a charge for a period of hospital intensive care unit confinement for a covered sickness or injury. This benefit is payable in addition to the Hospital Confinement Benefit and the Daily Hospital Confinement Benefit. Confinements must be separated by a minimum of 90 days from the previous covered hospital intensive care unit confinement for this benefit to be payable. The maximum benefit period for any one period of hospital intensive care unit confinement is 30 days. No lifetime maximum.
WAIVER OF PREMIUM		Upon written notice, Aflac will waive from month to month any premium(s) falling due during a continued period of hospital confinement for the named insured only. This benefit will begin after the period of hospital confinement for the named insured has exceeded 30 consecutive days. When such continued period of hospital confinement has ended, premium payments must be resumed. Once premium payments are resumed, any new period of hospital confinement must again satisfy the 30-day continued confinement for premiums to be waived.

The policy has limitations and exclusions that may affect benefits payable. This schedule is for illustrative purposes only. Refer to the policy for benefit details, limitations, and exclusions.

WHAT IS NOT COVERED

LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

Aflac will not pay benefits for care or treatment that is: (1) caused by a pre-existing condition, unless it begins more than 12 months after the effective date of coverage, or (2) received prior to the effective date of coverage.

Aflac will not pay benefits for any illness, disease, infection, or disorder that is medically evaluated, diagnosed, or treated by a physician before coverage has been in force 30 days, unless the loss begins more than 12 months after the effective date of coverage.

Benefits for a covered sickness for all persons added to the policy (including newborns) are subject to a 30-day waiting period. Aflac will waive the waiting period for newborns added after the policy has been in force for ten full months.

Aflac will not pay benefits whenever coverage provided by the policy is in violation of any U.S. economic or trade sanctions. If the coverage violates U.S. economic or trade sanctions, such coverage shall be null and void.

Aflac will not pay benefits whenever fraud is committed in making a claim under this coverage or any prior claim under any other Aflac coverage for which you received benefits that were not lawfully due and that fraudulently induced payment.

The policy does not cover losses caused by or resulting from:

- Being pregnant or giving birth within the first ten months of the effective date of coverage (complications of pregnancy will be covered to the same extent as a sickness);
- Receiving routine nursing or routine well-baby care for a newborn child;
- Using any drug, narcotic, hallucinogen, or chemical substance (unless administered by a physician and taken according to the physician's instructions), or voluntarily taking any type of poison or inhaling any type of gas or fumes;
- Participating in, or attempting to participate in, an illegal activity that is defined as a felony, if convicted (*felony* is as defined by the law of the jurisdiction in which the activity takes place); or being incarcerated in any detention facility or penal institution;

The term *hospital* does not include any institution or part thereof used as an emergency room; a rehabilitation facility that is not accredited by the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Hospitals, American Osteopathic Association, or the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities; a hospice unit, including any bed designated as a hospice or a swing bed; a convalescent home; a rest or nursing facility; a psychiatric unit; an extended-care facility; a skilled nursing facility; or a facility primarily affording custodial or educational care, care or treatment for persons suffering from mental disease or disorders, care for the aged, or care for persons addicted to drugs or alcohol.

Benefits are not payable for confinement in a hospital intensive care unit under the Hospital Intensive Care Unit Confinement Benefit for confinement in units such as telemetry or surgical recovery rooms, postanesthesia care units, progressive care units, intermediate care units, private monitored rooms, observation units located in emergency rooms or outpatient surgery units, step-down intensive care units, or other facilities that do not meet the standards for a hospital intensive care unit.

- Being intoxicated or under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or any narcotic, unless administered on the advice of a physician and taken according to the physician's instructions (the term *intoxicated* refers to that condition as defined by the law of the jurisdiction in which the cause of the loss occurred);
- Intentionally self-inflicting a bodily injury, or committing or attempting suicide, while sane or insane;
- Having dental treatment except as a result of injury or having cosmetic surgery that is not medically necessary;
- Having elective surgery that is not medically necessary within the first 12 months of the effective date of coverage;
- Being exposed to war or any act of war, declared or undeclared, or actively serving in any of the armed forces, or units auxiliary thereto, including the National Guard or Reserve;
- Donating an organ within the first 12 months of the effective date of coverage;
- Having mental or emotional disorders, including but not limited to the following: bipolar affective disorder (manic-depressive syndrome), delusional (paranoid) disorders, psychotic disorders, somatoform disorders (psychosomatic illness), eating disorders, schizophrenia, anxiety disorders, depression, stress, or post-partum depression. The policy will pay, however, for covered losses resulting from Alzheimer's disease, or similar forms of senility or senile dementia, first manifested while coverage is in force.

An ambulatory surgical center does not include a physician's or dentist's office, a clinic, or other such location.

Complications of pregnancy do not include any of the following: premature delivery, multiple gestation pregnancy, false labor, occasional spotting, prescribed rest during pregnancy, morning sickness, and similar conditions associated with the management of a difficult pregnancy not constituting a classifiably distinct pregnancy complication. Cesarean deliveries are not considered complications of pregnancy.

A physician does not include you or a member of your immediate family.

PRE-EXISTING CONDITION LIMITATIONS: A *pre-existing condition* is an illness, disease, infection, disorder, or injury for which, within the 12-month period before the effective date of coverage, prescription medication was taken or medical testing, medical advice, consultation, or treatment was recommended or received, or for which conditions existed that would ordinarily cause a prudent person to seek diagnosis, care, or treatment. Care or treatment caused by a pre-existing condition will not be covered unless it begins more than 12 months after the effective date of coverage.

If this coverage is a replacement of similar coverage, we will give credit for the time the person was covered under previous coverage when determining the pre-existing conditions limitations, exclusive of any applicable waiting periods under the new coverage.

TERMS YOU NEED TO KNOW

COVERED PERSON: any person insured under the coverage type that you applied for on the application: individual (named insured listed in the Policy Schedule), named insured/spouse only (named insured and spouse), one-parent family (named insured and dependent children), or two-parent family (named insured, spouse, and dependent children). *Spouse* is defined as the person to whom you are legally married and who is listed on your application. Newborn children are automatically insured from the moment of birth. If coverage is for individual or named insured/spouse only and you desire uninterrupted coverage for a newborn child, you must notify Aflac in writing within 31 days of the child's birth. If notice is given, Aflac may not charge an additional premium for the coverage of the child for the notice period. If the timely notice is not given, Aflac will convert the policy to one-parent family or two-parent family coverage and advise you of the additional premium due. If notice is given within 60 days of the birth, Aflac will not deny coverage for a child due to failure to timely notify us of the birth. Coverage will include any other dependent child, regardless of age, who is incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of mental retardation or physical handicap and who became so incapacitated prior to age 26 and while covered under the policy. *Dependent children* are your natural children, stepchildren, legally adopted children, foster children, or children in your custodial care who are under age 26.

EFFECTIVE DATE: the date(s) coverage begins as shown in the Policy Schedule or on any attached endorsements or riders. The effective date is not the date you signed the application for coverage.

GUARANTEED-RENEWABLE: the right to renew the policy by payment of the premium due on or before the renewal date. The policy is guaranteed-renewable for your lifetime, subject to Aflac's right to change premiums by class upon any renewal date.

HOSPITAL CONFINEMENT: a stay of a covered person confined to a bed in a hospital for 23 or more hours for which a room charge

is made. The hospital confinement must be on the advice of a physician, medically necessary, and the result of a covered sickness or injury. The term *hospital confinement* does not include emergency rooms.

INJURY: a bodily injury caused directly by an accident, independent of sickness, bodily infirmity, or any other cause, occurring on or after the effective date of coverage and while coverage is in force. See the Limitations and Exclusions section for injuries not covered by the policy.

PERIOD OF HOSPITAL CONFINEMENT: the number of days a covered person is assigned to and incurs a charge for a bed in a hospital. Confinements must begin while coverage under the policy is in force. Covered confinements not separated by 90 days or more from a previously covered confinement are considered a continuation of the previous period of hospital confinement. Hospitalization that begins prior to the end of one calendar year and continues into the next calendar year will be considered one confinement.

PERIOD OF HOSPITAL INTENSIVE CARE UNIT CONFINEMENT: the number of days a covered person is assigned to and incurs a charge for a bed in a hospital intensive care unit. Confinements must begin while coverage under the policy is in force. Covered confinements not separated by 90 days or more from a previously covered confinement are considered a continuation of the previous period of hospital intensive care unit confinement. Hospitalization that begins prior to the end of one calendar year and continues into the next calendar year will be considered one confinement.

SICKNESS: an illness, disease, infection, or disorder, independent of injury, medically evaluated, diagnosed, or treated by a physician more than 30 days after the effective date of coverage and while coverage is in force.



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